Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, N° 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1601.] PHILADELPHIA: THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 26, 1797. [VOLUME XII.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales

For DRY GOODS.

Monday { Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, south Front-street, / Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-street.

Tuesday { Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 south Front-street. / Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High-street.

Wednesday { Afternoon—Peter Benson, No. 74 south Third-street.

Thursday { Forenoon—Edward Fox. / Afternoon—John Connelly.

Friday { Forenoon—William Shannon. / Afternoon—John Connelly.

Saturday Afternoon—Peter Benson.

For SAVANNAH,

THE FAST SAILING SHIP

Swift Packet,

Patrick Gribbin, *Master*.

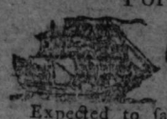
NOW lying at Smith's wharf, above Race-street. Is handsomely accommodated for passengers, and will sail on Saturday, 28th inst. For freight or passage, apply to the Master on board, No. 95, South Front-street, or of the subscribers, at Frankford.

N. & J. Frazier.

Oct. 20. dt28th

For LONDON,

THE SWEDISH SNOW



Gustaf Adolphz,

Capt. CHS. WM. RAMFE;

Expected to sail in all the present month—A few tons of Goods are wanted on Freight, and will be taken on moderate terms, if speedy application is made. Apply to

Peter Blight.

Back of his new buildings, Dock-street.

Oct. 19. §

For Freight or Charter,

The Danish Brig

Abel Catherina,

Burthen about 160 tons.

THIS vessel is now ready to receive on board a cargo, and may be dispatched to any port in Europe or the Mediterranean in eight days.

Apply to the Captain on board, or to the subscriber.

JAMES YARD.

Oct. 19. d1ct

For Freight or Charter,

THE GOOD BRIG

SUKEY,

Isaac Vredenburg, Master;

NOW lying at Clifford's wharf, and in compleat order to receive a cargo. For terms please to apply the Captain on board, or

John Skyrin,

No. 81, Arch-street.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,

2000 wt. of double refined Saltpetre

600 wt. of F F Gun Powder

300 barrels of Herrings

50 bushels of Timothy Seed

150 cases of Claret, first quality

And a quantity of Sherry Wine.

Sept. 29. dtf

Antigua Rum,

JUST arrived at Wilmington, Delaware State, and now landing from on board the Brig Active, William Williams, Master,

One hundred hhds. 3d & 4th proof,

And for Sale by

Jehu Hollingsworth & Co.

Wilmington, Sept. 21. dtf

N. B. The above Brig, and the brig GAYOSO, are also for Sale or Charter, and now ready to receive a cargo on board, at Wilmington. Apply as above.

An elegant House in Arch Street.

TO be let and entered on immediately a large and elegant house at the Corner of Arch and Ninth Street. There are two drawing rooms and one dining room—the largest is 31 feet by 26—and two are so connected by folding doors as to make but one. Also, five bed rooms, besides 5 in the garret, well finished for servants. There are stables and a coach house, with evry convenience for a family. Enquire at No. 29, in North Seventh street, or at No. 218, Arch Street.

Aug. 15. 2aw3w.

Chocolate and Mustard

Manufactured as usual,

Ginger and Pepper ground

Shelled or Pearl Barley

Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale and Cyder

London Porter

Taunton and Burton Ale

Red Port and other Wines, either bottled, or by the pipe, quarter-cask or gallon—suitable for exportation or home consumption—

For Sale by

John Haworth.

No. 98 south Front street.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

ASSIGNEES OF JAMES GREENLEAF,

HEREBY give notice, that they have disposed of the property assigned to them for the securing the payment of the notes, acceptances, and endorsements given by Edward Fox, for the use of the said James Greenleaf; and the holders of such notes, acceptances, and endorsements, are hereby notifyed that the subscribers will settle with them for the amount of their respective claims, both PRINCIPAL and INTEREST, at any time before the 20th day of October next; after which day, the holders not applying, will be excluded, agreeably to the terms of assignment.

Applications to be made at south-east corner of Dock and Second streets (the Dock-street side), between the hours of eleven and one o' clock every day, Sundays excepted.

Henry Pratt,
Tho. W. Francis,
John Miller, Jun.
John Ashley,
Jacob Baker.

Philadelphia, August 18, 1797. d

TENERIFFE WINE.

LANDING at Walnut-street wharf, TENERIFFE WINE, of excellent quality, in pipes and half pipes, for sale by *JAMES YARD.*

Oct. 10. co8t

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before disposed of at private sale)

ON Friday, the first of December next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, Forty Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty Nine acres of LAND, now or late in the County of Washington, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and on the waters of Fresh and Wheeling Creeks and Ten Mile Run.—These Lands are fertile and well timbered, and were patenteed early in 1787, except 3700 acres or thereabouts, which were patented in 1792. One fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, for the residue a credit of one, two and three months, will be given, on interest and good security.

October 6. 3awtS

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before disposed of at private sale)

ON Friday, the first day of December, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, Twenty Six Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty acres of LAND, in the State of New-York, between the northern bounds of Pennsylvania and the Susquehanna, now, or late, in the townships of Hamden and Warren, and county of Montgomery. One fourth of the purchase money is to be paid at the time of sale; for the residue a credit of one, two, and three months will be given, on interest and good security.

Octocte 6. 3awtS

Philadelphia, Oct. 24th, 1797.

ALL persons desirous to contract to furnish Rations and Quarter Master's Stores, during the year 1798, for the troops in Philadelphia, Fort Mifflin, on Mud Island, Carlisle and Reading, or any of them, are desired to deliver their proposals, under a sealed cover, on or before the 20th November next to

TENCH FRANCIS, *Purveyor.*

The Rations to consist of

1 pound Flour or Bread
1 pound Beef, or 3 4 of a pound of Pork
½ gill Rum, Brandy or Whiskey
1 lb. Candles
2 lb. Soap
2 quarts Vinegar } To every hundred rations
1 quart Salt

18&t18thN

WINDOW GLASS,

Of Superior Quality, and cheaper than any other in the City—

OF VARIOUS SIZES,

From 8 by 6 to 19 by 14,

By the single Box or Quantity, may be had at the store of the Subscribers, corner of Arch and Front-street.

James C. & Samuel W. Fisher.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1797. §1wmwstf

Will be Landed,

From on board the ship Active, Capt. BLAIR, from Hamburgh,

20 bales white Russia clean Hemp

2 casks Clover Seed

For Sale by

Thomas Herman Leuffer,

North Fifth street, No. 34.

June 26. §

Young Hyson Tea.

40 chests of a superior quality—Also,

100 do. of Hyson,

Imported in the *Woodrop Sims*, and for sale by the subscriber, corner of Second and Pine street.

C. Haight.

June 21. eotf

Cedar Shingles.

THE subscriber has a quantity of 3 feet Cedar Shingles of a superior quality, for sale at 13 dollars per thousand.

William Hallowell,

No. 193 North Third-street.

July 27. co12t

Imported in the ship Pigou,

And for sale by John Morton, No. 116, South Front-street,

Hyson
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson } TEAS
Imperial

April 20. eotf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN STRIKER, late of Tinnecum Township, Buck's County, are requested to pay off their respective debts; and those having any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, to

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, & MALLET PREVALT, } Executors.

Sept. 28. ¶1aw4w

MRS. GRATTAN

INFORMS her friends, and the public in general, that her house, No. 192, Market-street, will continue open during the sickness.

Board and Lodging in a separate room, TEN DOLLARS, in a double room, EIGHT DOLLARS.

For the convenience of those gentlemen who have not their families in town, Mrs. GRATTAN will receive gentlemen to dine at HALF A DOLLAR a day. *August* 29.—6t

Just published,

And to be sold at the Bookstores of H. & P. Rice, No. 50, Market-street; J. Ormrod, No. 41, Chesnut-street, and W. Young, corner of Chesnut and Second-streets,

An accurate System of Surveying;

IN WHICH IS CONTAINED,

1. Decimal fractions, in a plain, concise, and easy manner.
2. The extraction of the square root.
3. Plain trigonometry, rectangular and oblique.
4. An exact method to cast up the contents of lands.
5. Field surveying.

The whole being performed without the use of scale and compasses, on a table of logarithms. In which is given some account of the variation of the needle, and the causes of its attraction.

By SAMUEL MOORE.

August 1. 22w2w

Lately Published,

In one vol. 8 vo. (price one dollar in boards) sold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Chesnut streets,

A Collection of Papers on the subject of Billious Fevers, prevalent in the United States for a few years past.

Compiled by NOAH WEBSTER, jun.

Containing letters from Doctors Seaman, Smith, Buel, Taylor, Ramsay, Monson, Reynolds, Mitchell, on contagion, &c. &c.

Sept. 15. 5t

Samuel & Miers Fisher,

ARE NOW OPENING,

At their Warehouse, No. 27, Dock Street, a fresh assortment of Woolen and other goods, suitable to the season, received by the late arrivals from England.

They have also for Sale,

Lisbon
Teneriffe
Sherry, and
Port Wines, } In pipes, hhds. and quarter casks.

Assorted queen's ware in crates, &c.

10th mo. 23d. d1w3taw3w.

TO BE LET—At a moderate Rent,

The principal part of a HOUSE,

WITHIN a short distance of the Coffee-house, which has been occupied for the last four months, consisting of a good dining room and parlour, two bed rooms and a dressing room, two garrets, kitchen, wood vault and cellar, all in excellent order, fit for the immediate reception of a small family. None need apply but those who are respectable and regular. Inquire at the office of this Gazette.

Oct. 24 dtf

Red Port Wine.

Just arrived, by the brig Iris, capt. Rhodes, from Oporto,

Red Port Wine in pipes, hhds. and quarter casks 6c cwt. Cork, for sale by

Philips, Cramond, & Co.

July 21. §

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

Philadelphia, Sept. 22d, 1797.

THE Merchants who at this time prefer having their vessels and Merchandize entered and cleared at Chester or Marcus Hook,—are hereby notified, That in compliance with their desire, and upon a full conviction that the measure will be mutually beneficial to them and to the United States. The collector of the customs has made arrangements to establish for some time branches of the custom-house at those places, where every accommodation in his power will be given to the merchants. d1w

TO BE SOLD,

And immediate possession given,

A Convenient well finished Brick Tenement, with a cook house and other out houses, situated in a pleasant part of the borough of Wilmington, in the State of Delaware—The lot of ground has forty feet front on West-street, and extends through the square to Pasture-street, on which is erected a stable and carriage house.

ALLEN M'LANE.

Wilmington, Aug. 30.

City Commissioners Office,

August 29, 1797.

IN pursuance of an Ordinance of the Select and Common Councils, passed the 22d day of May last.

Proposals in writing will be received by the City Commissioners for one month from the 1st of September next, for letting to rent on leases for one year to commence the first day of January next, the following public property of the city—

The wharf and landing on Vine Street,

Also on Sassafras,

Mulberry,

And High Streets,

Chesnut and Walnut Streets, Draw Bridge, with the Scale and Fish Houses, Spruce, Pine and Cedar Streets.

The cellar under the City-Hall.

The Tavern at the middle ferry on Schuylkill, with the lots contiguous thereto, (except so much thereof as shall be occupied by any buildings erected for the use of the Collector of the Tolls, or be necessary for the toll-gates.)

Aug. 3 3taw1m.

LOST,

ON the Passyunk Road, between the Blue Ball and the city, a Fowling Piece, with a brass barrel and silver sight; on the plate of the butt are the letters "Jamaica, Q. 99"—and on the barrel near the lock "London" and the Tower stamp. Whoever will return the said piece to *John Bennard*, at the sign of the Blue Ball on the Passyunk Road, or the office of this Gazette, shall receive a reward of Four French Crowns,

Sept. 12. *3t

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congress of the United States of America, passed at Philadelphia, the 28th day of May, 1796; laying duties on Carriages, for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to let out to hire, or for the conveyance of passengers, the several duties and rates following, to wit:

For and upon every Coach, 15 dols.
upon every Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Post Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Post Chaise, 12 dols.
upon every Phaeton, with or without top, 9 dols.
upon every Coachee, 9 dols.
upon other Carriages, having pannel work above, with blinds, glasses or curtains, 9 dols.
upon four wheeled Carriages, having framed posts and tops with steel springs, 6 dols.
upon four wheeled Carriages, with wooden or iron springs or jacks, 3 dols.
upon Curricles with tops, 3 dols.
upon Chaises with tops, 3 dols.
upon Chairs with tops, 3 dols.
upon other two wheel top carriages, 3 dols.
upon two wheel carriages, with steel or iron springs, 3 dols.
For and upon all other two wheel carriages, 2 dols.
upon every four wheeled carriage, having framed posts and tops, and resting upon wooden spars, 2 dols.

The Collectors of the Revenue for the first Survey of the District of Pennsylvania, will attend daily, until the 30th day of September next, for the purpose of receiving the duties on Carriages, at Germantown; at the house of Daniel St. Clair, Esq. in the County of Montgomery; and at the house of James Chapman, Esq. in the County of Bucks; of which all persons possessed of such Carriages are desired to take notice.

Notice is also given,

TO all retail dealers in Wines, and foreign distilled spirituous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the business of retailing of Wines, in a less quantity, or in less quantities than thirty gallons—and one licence for carrying on the business of retailing Spirituous liquors in less quantities than 20 gallons, at the same time and at the same places, by the officers legally authorised to grant such licences.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,

Inspector of the Revenue of the first survey of the District of Pennsylvania.

Office of Inspection at Germantow, 12th Sept. 1797. } d1m

Philadelphia, Oct. 13.

THE subscribers inform their friends and customers in town and country, that their stores are now open in the city, and others are daily opening, and that from the present appearance of the prevailing disorder have reason to hope, their friends may shortly come to the city with perfect safety. By several late arrivals, numbers have received fresh supplies of GOODS.

Robert Smith & Co. — *P. W. Gallaudet & Co.*
John Davis & Co. — *Sitgreaves & French,*
Neill & Smith, — *George Dobson,*
Wiltberger and Smith, — *Thomas Ryerson,*
Alex Bissland and Co. — *T. R. Hardenberg.*
Jacob Sperry and Co. — *John Smith and Co.*
Owen & Jona. Jones, — *Thomas Orr,*
Keppele & Zantzinger, — *William Barker & Co.*
Adam Zantzinger, — *Thomas Armat & Son.*
John Fries, — *J. Miller, jun. and Co.*

Oct. 14-

PEALE'S MUSEUM.

THIS valuable repository of the works of Nature, so well calculated to delight the mind and enlarge the understanding, is opened daily, as usual. It stands in an airy and healthy situation, and free from the epidemic that at present afflicts the city; it may, therefore, be frequented with the greatest safety.

As an Amusement, the study of Nature is the most rational and pleasing: as a Science, the most sublime and instructive. It elevates the mind and expands the heart. They

"*Whom Nature's works can charm, with God himself*
"*Hold converse.*"

Many interesting additions have lately been made to this Museum: and the feathered tribe, containing a variety of the most rare and beautiful subjects, is now very advantageously arranged. Waxen Figures, of Men large as life (some of them casts from nature) are here dressed in their proper habits, and placed in attitudes characteristic of their respective nations. Here may be seen the North-American Savage, and the Savage of South-America—a laboring Chinese, and the Chinese Gentleman—the sooty African, and the Kamtschadale,—with some Natives of the South Sea Islands. The immense variety and interesting diversity which this Museum offers to the view, may be seen but cannot be described with full effect.

☞ Price only 1-4th of a dollar.

Sept. 28. 1aw

Boston Glass Manufactory.

THE citizens of the United States are hereby informed, that the manufacture of Window Glass is now commenced at the Glass House in Boston.

It is needless to say any thing of the excellent quality of the Boston Glass, as it is so well known throughout the United States to be in every respect greatly superior to any ever imported from Europe.

It will be cut to any size commonly used; and may be constantly had by applying to CHARLES F. KUPFER, at the Glass House.

Orders from the distant States to be addressed to Mr. SAMUEL GORE, Court-street, Boston.

Boston, Sept. 30, 1797. O 4—22w6w

Messrs. Timothy and Mason, Charleston; Messrs. Hodge and Boylan, Halifax, N. C. Messrs. Willett and O'Connor, Norfolk; Mr. Ellis Price, Alexandria; Messrs. Yundt and Brown, Baltimore; Mr. Hopkins, New-York; and Messrs. Hudson & Goodwin, Hartford; Mr. Seymour, Savannah; are requested to insert the above once a week 6 weeks. The accounts to be forwarded to the Editor.

At a Meeting of the Board of Property, June 6, 1797,

Present John Hall, Sec'ry. / Francis Johnston, R. G. / Dan. Brodhead, S. G. } of land office

Nicholas Bettinger, *Versus* Samuel Cunningham.

In this case the proof of service of notice being insufficient, It is ordered that notice be given in one of the Philadelphia and York newspapers weekly, for at least eight weeks to the heirs or assignees of Samuel Cunningham deceased, to atttend the board on the first Monday in November next, to shew cause why a patent should not issue to Nicholas Bettinger for the land in question.

(A true Copy.)

JOHN HALL,

Secretary of the Land Office.

Aug. 15. *1aw8w.

At the Federal Blast Furnace,

In Carver—for Slitting, Platting, and Rolling MILLS.

SEYMOUR's *Patent Rollers.*

THEIR superiority consists in being free from holes and honey-combed plaees, which are commonly found in rollers cast in sand, or clay moulds. These patent rollers are cast in iron moulds, previously heated, and will be found to be more dense, solid and durable than any rollers heretofore used. Another important advantage they have over others, is, that the necks require no turning, but are immedaitely fit for use, and from their accuracy, run with less friction, and require less water to make them perform their work. They may be had by application to the Patentee in Plymouth, of Gen. Nathaniel Goodwin, or of Messrs. Thatcher and Hayward

Boston, Aug. 31. Sept. 19.——§6t.

This Day is Published,

BY Mess. Dobson, Carey, Campbell, Rice, and the other Booksellers,

Price One Dollar and twenty-five cents.

Elegantly printed on Wove paper, and Hot-pressed,

By John Thompson,

A COMPARATIVE VIEW OF

The Constitutions

Of the several States with each other, and with that of the United States: exhibiting in Tables, the prominent features of each Constitution, and classing together their most important provisions, under the several heads of administration; with Notes and Observations.

By WILLIAM SMITH,

Of South-Carolina,

L. L. D. and member of the Congress of the United States.

Dedicated to the People of the United States.

N. B. A few Copies printed on an inferior paper, at 3-4ths of a dollar.

February 6 mwf

Public Notice is hereby given,

THAT the Commissioners for the District of Southwark have removed their hall to the house formerly occupied by Samuel Goff, Christian at in the corner of Fifth street. Oct. 2.

Act laying Duties on Stamped Vellum Parchment and Paper.

A FEW copies of the above act may be had at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No 19, Chesnut-street. July 19.

School Books and Stationary.

W. YOUNG,

No. 52, Second-street, corner of Chesnut-street,

HAS now ready for sale, a very large assortment of *English, French, Latin and Greek* SCHOOL BOOKS. *Also*, such elementary books on Science, as are generally read in the academies and colleges throughout the United States.

LATELY PUBLISHED,

Sheridan's Dictionary, the sixth edition, in one large vol. 8 vo price 3 dols.

Ditto, large 12 mo price 1 dol. 75 cts.

Ditto, common, price 1 dol. 50 cts.

All sorts of drawing, packing, printing, and writing Paper; Bookbinder's Boards, Pasteboards, sheathing and blotting Papers; printed Blanks, blank Books, Wax, Wafers, and other articles, of the best quality, used in the counting house, or public office.

☞ Catalogues of a miscellaneous collection of BOOKS, with the price of each affixed, to be had by inquiring as above. Oct. 24.—3aw6w

Just Published, and now Selling,

By BENJAMIN DAVIES,

At his BOOK-STORE, No 68, High-Street,

The AMERICAN REPOSITORY

AND

ANNUAL REGISTER for the UNITED STATES

FOR THE YEAR 1798:

Containing complete and correct lists of the Executive, Legislative and Judiciary

DEPARTMENTS OF GOVERNMENT,

And a variety of useful tables, necessary to be known in every State of the Union.

Embellished with two handsome Engravings,

One of which is depictive of a melancholy scene that occurred during the American war.

Oct. 18.

WALKER & KENNEDY,

No. 73, South Front Street,

HAVE FOR SALE,

100 Hogsheads of prime Georgia Tobacco,

ALSO,

50 Pipes of Bourdeaux Brandy,

10 Pipes of old Port Wine.

Oct. 17. 1aw tf.

THOMAS HERMAN LEUFFER,

North Fifth street, corner of North alley, No. 34,

HAS FOR SALE,

EXCELLENT red Bourdeaux Wine in cases and boxes, six years old

White Graves Wine in casks

Ticklenburgs

Russia Sail Cloths

Ravens Duck

Bag Linen

Hessians

Diaper and Table Cloth

Empty bags

Common German Cloth

An assortment of black coloured Ribbons

Fine German Laces

About twelve tons Russia clean Hemp

Clover Seed

Italian Soap, in small boxes, for family use

Window Glass Aug. 29.—22w

Imported in the latest arrivals from Amsterdam and Hamburg, and for sale by

B. & J. BOHLEN,

A large assortment of fine French Cambrics,

Flatillas	Russia and Dutch sailcloth
Brittannias	Writing, post, and printing paper
Rouanes	
Brown Holland	Dutch calf skins
Checks and stripes	Prime madder
Ticklenburgs	Shell'd Barley
Oznabrigs	Looking glasses
White sheetings	Hollow glass ware
Diaper	Slates
Brown rolls	Coffee mills
Umbrellas	Brass kettles
Hair ribbons	Scythes and straw knives
Black and white laces	Toys assorted in boxes

Best Holland Gin in pipes

London particular Madeira Wine

July 24. m&thtf

MR. LAILSON,

WITH an intention to render service, and undeceive those Performers, who during his absence Mr. Jaymond has thought proper to engage, thinks it would be wrong in him not to inform those that are engaged, that it is without his approbation, and that he will not be in any way answerable for Mr. Jaymond's engagements.

PHILIPPE LAILSON.

Alexandria, Sept. 15, 1797. 6t.

Excellent Bourdeaux Brandy

Ditto ditto Claret in cases

Just received, and for Sale by

Rundle & Leech.

Aug. 21. 2awtf

THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,

And for sale by *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone House, No. 41, south Second street,

EVENINGS at HOME;

OR, THE JUVENILE BUDGET OPENED.

Consisting of a variety of Miscellaneous Pieces for the instruction and amusement of YOUNG PERSONS—Six Volumes handsomely printed and bound up in two volumes, price Two Dollars.

The variety and excellence of these pieces are such, that the book needs only to be known to be universally esteemed one of the most valuable publications that can be put into the hands of young persons.

"Delightful task to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to shoot,
To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind,
To breathe th' enlivening spirit, and to fix
The generous purpose in the glowing breast."

THOMSON.

August 24. mwf4w

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone House, No. 41, south Second street.

Letters and Conversations,

Between several *Young Ladies*, on improving and interesting subjects.

Translated from the Dutch of *Madame de Cambon* with alterations and improvements,

Printed on fine paper, and neatly bound,

Price one dollar.

AMIDST the tide of modern Romances, painting tales of extraordinary distress, or of desperate or artful villainy, which "harrow up the soul," and which it would be for the honor of young ladies to be *ignorant* of, this little book comes forward to solicit notice, where, in a variety of incidents, not exceeding the bounds of *real life*, the *proper*, because *elegant* and *natural dignity* and *importance* of the *Female character* is exhibited in an interesting point of view, and presents examples of real and attainable excellence.

The publisher was so much pleased with the perusal, that he was persuaded he should do a pleasing service to the community by sending it in o circu-

SALEM, (Maſſ.) Oct. 17.

According to a writer on the means of preſerving health in populous places, this town poſſeſſes, in the AQUEDUCT, the moſt eſſential means for preſerving the health of its inhabitants; as they are thereby ſupplied with good water, kept pure and wholeſome by conſtant motion; while the ſtill water in wells, rendered more unwholſome by the putreſcent and filthy matter in yards, ſtables, &c. continually ſoaking in them, in old and populous towns, is a mean of producing putrid fevers, and every ſpecies of chronic diſeaſes. Not only the wholeſomeneſs of victuals and drink, but the ſalubrity of our cloathing, depends upon the purity of the water we uſe. It is eſſential that our linen, and other cloathes which apply to the ſkin, ſhould be waſhed in pure water; otherwiſe the effluvia will not be ſweet or healthful. The difference in the *ſmell* of linen waſhed in pure water, and that waſhed in the putrid rain water which has been confined in a ciſtern, will prove the ſuperiority of the former. It is alſo of conſequence that the face and hands ſhould be waſhed in pure water, that all the particles abſorbed by the pores may be ſalubrious.

—

The violent gale of wind on Sunday evening the 8th inſt. took off 40 feet of the roof of Mr. Benjamin Riley's barn, in Lynnfield, which was new; and about half the roof of Joſeph Gowen's barn, in the ſame town. In Danvers, it unroofed the cider mill of Capt. James Foſter, and drove parts of the ſame through the ſide of his dwelling houſe into a lower room and chamber, knocking over a cheſt of draws and other furniture. In the adjoining orchard it tore up and broke off 16 ſtout apple trees. In its courſe, northeaſt, it twiſted off many other trees, and did conſiderable other damage.

DEDHAM, (Maſſ.) October 17.

RURAL ECONOMY.

The cheapneſs of land in this country gives a great advantage to our produce in foreign markets, which balances in a great meaſure the high price of labour. On the contrary, European grain and meat go dear to market, becauſe land is there very high, though the wages of labour are low. But our agriculture and manufactures cannot profit to the full extent of this advantage, while fuel is ſo dear. In England, coal is cheaper than fire wood in this town. The ſcarcity of fuel is therefore an obſtacle to the growth of American improvement, which will ſtint and dwarf every thing that our hopes have anticipated, unleſs ſome remedy can be found out. Coal mines, if diſcovered, would be a national bleſſing and treaſure. To make our roads turnpikes and our rivers navigable for rafts and boats, would do a great deal of good by conveying with eaſe and cheapneſs the fuel from places where it cumbers the land, to places where the inhabitants are ſhivering for the want of it; and where, it may be added, manufacturers are deterred from ſettling for fear that they ſhall freeze. The uſe of turf or peat is common in Ireland, and it is ſaid to be abundant in quantity, and excellent in its kind, in many parts of this vicinity. Much of it is dug at Menotomy in Cambridge and in Lexington. Our bogs ſhould be explored—wood is however ſo much preferred, that nothing elſe will be generally made uſe of. Economy in burning wood is an immenſe reſource. More was *waſted* fifty years ago than is now wanted.—Stoves, ſmaller fire-places, warmer houſes, more care in mending broken panes of glaſs, and ſhutting doors, are ways to make leſs wood anſwer; and we live by theſe means as warm in our houſes as our prodigal forefathers did in theirs.

To all this may be added the care our farmers have taken of late to fence the wood lots from the cattle. In this ſingle town, the cattle turned out to browze in the ſpring have, within the laſt thirty years, prevented more wood from growing, than would have paid two or three fold the value of the paſturing of theſe tree-deſtroying ſteers and heifers. What would farmers ſay of a man who ſhould turn his cows and oxen in June into his corn-field?—Probably the young cattle do more miſchief in May to the unfenced or badly fenced foreſt trees. Cattle at large are a nuiſance.

Would it not be a regulation well deſerving the attention of the general court, to require every town to plant the ſides of the public roads with foreſt trees,

"*From ſtorms a ſhelter, and from heat a ſhade.*"

How many cords of wood might thus grow in 30 or 40 years? Let our political economiſts calculate the length of all our roads, the number of trees and the quantity of wood. Any computation, fair and unfair, would reſult in proving the wiſdom of ſuch a regulation. Poſterity would be proud of it, and thankful for it too.

Surely, in point of ornament and uſefulneſs it would vie with the law requiring guide poſts, which every body approves.

The planting quick growing trees, as willow, Lombardy poplar, balm of Gilead, &c. certainly deſerves attention. Even the elms, aſh trees, button woods and maples will pay for planting by their growth; and on the borders of fields their ſhade probably does as much good as harm.

The ſubject is of deep concern to the public. The reſources for ſaving and increaſing fuel, mentioned above, may be ſufficient for our preſent numbers. But if we hope to thrive in arts and manufactures, and increaſe in numbers, our legiſlature muſt pay an early and vigilant attention to the ſupply of this great neceſſary of life.—*A word to the wiſe is ſufficient.*

—

The French are unmaking republics and making them over again in Italy, with new names and limits. If the arms of the conqueror were withdrawn, we ſhould ſee whether the Italians would and could ſupport the new orders of things. Their country is ſo broken to pieces by ſeparate ſovereignties that it ſeems to want the ſpirit, and perhaps the means, to defend itſelf from conqueſt. We ſee what is the conſequence of diſunion, from which, good Lord, long long preſerve us!

The Germanic body, it is ſtated, muſt not be ſevered, and that the diet of Ratiſbon will not approve a peace on any ſuch ground. This, if true, will interfere with the ceſſion to France of the Germanic territory on the left bank of the Rhine, and may obſtruct the negociation.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, October 24.

The Preſident of the United States is expected in this City, on his way to the ſeat of Government, about the ninth of November, when it is hoped the citizens will cordially embrace the opportunity of paying the merited reſpect due to ſo diſtinguiſhed a character.

This day the Legiſlature of this State met at Trenton.

On Friday laſt, General KOSCIUSKO arrived in this city from New-York, and is now at General Whites, where it is ſaid, he is to remain for ſome time.

—

The Preſident of the United States, having gratified the citizens of, and in the vicinity of New Brunſwick, by honoring them with his polite acceptance of their inviſitation (thro' their committee) to dine with them at the City of New-Brunſwick on Thurſday the 9th day of November, and the troops of cavalry, whoſe fortunate ſituation has put it in their power to pay that reſpect which is due to the exalted ſtation, worthy character, and approved conduct of the chief magiſtrate of the United States, by cheerfully agreeing to eſcort him through the State of New Jerſey, on his going to the ſeat of government, and having at the ſame time expreſſed their wiſh that I ſhould give them due notice when and where they ſhould attend to execute this voluntary and pleaſing duty of citizen ſoldiers, and alſo the neceſſary inſtructions to perform the ſame, it is therefore with equal cheerfulneſs and pleaſure, that I now embrace the earlieſt opportunity of complying therewith. The following arrangements I conceive will be proper and moſt accommodating to the troops of cavalry which will have the honor of eſcorting the Preſident of the United States through the ſtate. The troops neareſt to the Preſident's route will be the following, viz. Major Meeker's of the Bergen ſquadron, Major Ward's and Hayne's of the Eſſex ſquadron. Capt. Edgar and Major Dunham's of tſte Middleſex ſquadron, capt. Gulick's of the Somerſet ſquadron, and capt. Smith's of the Hunterdon ſquadron. Major Meeker's troop will therefore be in readineſs to receive the Preſident at Powle's Hook on the day he leaves the City of New-York, of which he muſt get the moſt certain information, and eſcort him to Newark Bridge, where Major Ward's troop will receive and eſcort him to Elizabeth Town, where capt. Hayne's troop will receive and eſcort him to Woodbridge, where capt. Edgar's troop will receive and eſcort him to New-Brunſwick; on leaving which place, he will be eſcorted by Major Dunham's troop to Kingſton, where he will be received by capt. Gulick's troop, and eſcorted to Maidenhead, where he will be received and eſcorted by capt. Smith's troop to Trenton.

As the following military honours are only due to the chief magiſtrate of the United States, they are inſerted for the information of ſuch of the officers as may not recollect them. Each troop when they receive the Preſident, muſt be poſſeſſed of the ſquadron ſtandard, for which purpoſe when there are two troops from the ſame ſquadron, the ſtandard bearer of the eſcorting troop muſt ride ahead when he comes in ſight of the receiving troop, and deliver the ſtandard to the proper officer. On receiving the Preſident, the troop muſt be drawn up in one line, in ſuch a ſituation that the Preſident may paſs from the right. The Cornet with his colours, a Serjeant Corporal, and four Dragoons advanced about 50 yards in front—the ſtandard to be ſupported by the ſecond lieutenant in the centre of the troop, ſwords drawn, trumpets ſounding a march, ſtandard dropping to the ground, officers ſaluting. On the Preſident's being ſeated in his carriage, the cornet with the advance (will precede the troop about 50 yards by files) the troop then return their ſwords, wheel and march by quarter ranks, 150 yards before the Preſident's carriage, in which order of march, they will proceed until they come to the troop drawn up to receive him, when the Cornet's party halts until the troop joins them; the whole then draw their ſwords, wheel from the centre in front by files to the right and left about, and in returning, paſs the Preſident's carriage on each ſide. Officers, ſtandard and colours to the right of it, Officers ſaluting, ſtandard and colours dropping as they paſs. On the Preſident's halting at any ſtage (which muſt be previouſly known by the commanding officer) the troop forms as before, return their ſwords, diſmount, and ſtand dreſſed until the Preſident has paſſed them; no officer to ſalute, the ſtandard only dropping. It is expected Major Meeker will get certain information of the exact time when the Preſident leaves the City of New-York, and give timely notice of it to Major Ward, which notice muſt be forwarded on by a ſpeedy and ſafe conveyance to the officers commauding the above mentioned troops on the Preſident's route in order that they may be in readineſs to receive him.

ANTHONY W. WHITE.

AUGUSTA, October 7.

Our late remarks on the cruel treatment of ſlaves, diſclaim all deſire of ſcattering fire brands, and every other illiberal motive. The chief object was, to recall the attention of an enlightened people to crimes againſt humanity, which every man of reflection muſt, therefore, wiſh to have prevented.

We have felt deeply for thoſe evils, that have deſtroyed ſo many of our brother mortals; involved many others in difficulties and diſtreſs, which human nature can hardly ſuſtain, and buried in ruins a fine and opulent country. But while we thus give our mind to ſympathy; if, by chance, we meet a heart, that is made callous to the touch of humanity, by thoſe afflictions, which ſhould make it abundant in compaſſion, we pity the man, as we ſhould one reduced to the laſt degree of human infelicity.

In all communities, large or ſmall, good order is eſſential, not merely to their proſperity, but to their vaſt exiſtence. Hence ſubordination is altogether indiſpenſable.—*Some muſt command; and ſome muſt obey.*

But this *economy* cannot be eſtabliſhed, even in private families, whether of children, or of ſervants, without the *rod*. That is, without the exerciſe of authority, to *reſtrain*, or to *prevent*. And happy are thoſe families, whoſe *head* can exerciſe this neceſſary authority with judgment, and who never will ſuffer the wild appellative, *anger*, to turn his breaſt into a *ſavage* wilderneſs, by baniſhing its lovely inhabitants, *mercy*, and thoſe nameleſs ſenſibilities, which raiſe the ſons of earth, until they become a little lower than the holy angels.

Happy indeed are families bleſt with ſuch a *head*. But ſupremely happy is the *head* ſo bleſſed with wiſdom. His life ſhall be pleaſantneſs; and his latter end, *peace*.

To *prove* that our notions on this ſubject, in which humanity is deeply intereſted, are neither *viſionary*, nor *unprecedented*, we might quote ſeveral reſpectable authorities. But for the preſent we ſhall only ſubjoin.

Extracts from ſlave laws lately paſſed in Jamaica.

The firſt prohibits the turning away of a ſlave, when incapacitated by ſickneſs, or age; and it obliges the poſſeſſor to provide, for ſuch ſlave, wholeſome neceſſaries of life. ☞ Penalty for every offence, *ten pounds*.

The *ſecond* impoſes a fine, not exceeding one hundred pounds; and impriſonment, not exceeding twelve months, on every perſon who ſhall *mutilate* a ſlave. And in very atrocious caſes, the ſlave may be declared free.

The third enacts, that any perſon wantonly, or bloody mindedly killing a ſlave, ſhall ſuffer death.

The fourth ſubjects to fine and impriſonment, ſuch perſons at ſhall puniſh ſlaves, in a manner by that law forbidden.

The fifth directs a parochial tax to be raiſed, for the ſupport of diſabled negroes, who have no owners.

NOTE. The *Code Noir* of France, firſt publiſhed in the year 1685, is ſuperior even to thoſe in mercy. But as we have reaſon to believe, *that code* never was regiſtered, and promulgated in the iſlands, we offer no extracts from it, leſt an invidious motive be imputed.

Footman & Co's *Auction Room.*

THE public are reſpectfully informed, that the ſtore of the ſubſcribers is now open for the reception of Goods, and the Sales will commence on Monday next, the 30th inſt. when will be ſold,

A large aſſortment of Dry Goods.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

Superfine and common Cloths
Caſſimeres, Flannels, Blankets
Coatings and Baizes
Cotton and worſted Hoſiery
Chintzes and Calicoes
Chintz and purple Shawls
Book and jaconet Muſlins
White and brown Linens,
Tickings, Checks and Stripes.

—ALSO—

A quantity of Ladies' Morocco Shoes.

FOOTMAN & Co. *Auctioneers.*

Oct. 24. d

NOTICE.

☞ SAMUEL RICHARDET, reſpectfully informs the gentlemen, ſubſcribers to the Exchange, that on Thurſday next, the 26th inſt. it will be open for their accommodation.

He begs leave to acquaint his friends and the public, that the City Tavern will alſo be ready for the reception of gentlemen boarders.

An ordinary as uſual at three o'clock.

October 21. d1w.

A Wet Nurſe wanted.

A Healthy Woman, with a young breaſt of milk, who can be well recommended, may hear of a place by inquiring of the Printer.

Oct. 23, 1w

Wanted, to Hire,

A Large and convenient HOUSE, in or near the centre of the city—for which a generous rent will be given; to be taken for a year, or on leaſe for a longer term. Inquire of the Printer.

Oct. 17. ectf

Choice St. Croix Sugar and Rum

Coffee
Madeira and Teneriffe Wine
For Sale by

James Yard,
No. —, South Fourth-ſtreet.

Oct. 6: d3w

The Medical Lectures

In the Univerſity of Pennſylvania, are poſtponed until the laſt Monday in November next.

October 14. 22w4w.

The Norfolk Mail STAGE.

THIS Stage ſtarts from the GEORGE Tavern, at the corner of Second and Arch Streets, in Philadelphia, every *Tueſday, Thurſday*, and *Saturday*, at 3 o'clock, in the morning; arrives at Dover the firſt day, at Snowhill the ſecond day, at Northampton Court Houſe the third day, and on the morning of the fourth day the paſſengers find a ſafe and comfortable packet to convey them to Norfolk.

A packet leaves Norfolk for Northampton ferry, every Tueſday, Thurſday and Saturday, and the Stage ſtarts from this ferry for Philadelphia, every Monday, Wedneſday and Friday; puts up at Snow Hill the firſt night, at Dover the 2d night, and arrives in Philadelphia in the evening of the third day.

The diſtance on this route, between Philadelphia and Norfolk, is 80 miles leſs than on any ſtage route between thoſe places.

Too much cannot be ſaid in favor of the road, which is moſt excellent indeed. The proprietors willingly engage to return the whole fare to any paſſenger, who, after having performed this route, will ſay that he ever travelled in a ſtage for the ſame diſtance, ſo good a road in America.

Auguſt 11, d1m. eotf.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 26.

It is with pleaſure we announce to the public the ſafe arrival of the ſhip *William Penn*, Capt. JOSIAH, from London, which port ſhe left the 22d of Auguſt, but put into Falmouth, and ſailed from thence on the 31ſt, in company with the armed ſhip Cleopatra, Captain Newell, of and bound to this port. In the William Penn came 30 paſſengers, of which number the following were in the cabin, viz.

Mr. Samuel Murgatroyd,
Mrs. Aſhley and Daughter,
Mr. James C. Fiſher,
Mr. Jacob Reeſe,
Mr. Browſe Triſte,
Colonel Thomas, } of *Philadelphia*
Mr. Peter Dobel,
Mrs. Frazer and 4 Children } of *Baltimore*
Mr. Robert Rankin,
Mr. Stokes, of *Burlington*
Mr. Samuel Minnick, of *Briſtol*
Mr. Prime,
Mr. John Webſter, of *Harford, Maryland.*

One of the gentlemen favored us with London papers to the evening of the 29th of Auguſt, from which we have made extracts, as follow. The ſame gentleman had a paper of the 30th, which was loſt at ſea. (A D.A.)

—

The paper of the 30th Auguſt received at Falmouth, mentions that peace was concluded between France and England—The papers that mention it were L'Eclair—Meſſager du Soir. One other mentions its having juſt arrived by the telegraph and circulated in the hall of the Convention.—The terms were—France to have reſtored all her poſſeſſions in the Eaſt and Weſt Indies, which belonged to her in May, 1789—all the ſhips taken at Toulon—the iſland of Ceylon and Trincomale to the Dutch—Oſtend a free port for all nations; and in compenſation, the Engliſh to retain the Cape of Good Hope. The French papers were dated the 26th Auguſt. [*London Evening Gazette.*] The editor's opinion was, that the news was fabricated.

LONDON, Auguſt 28.

We yeſterday received Paris papers to the 26th inſt. which, as may be expected from the ſhort time that has elapſed ſince our laſt communication from France, do not contain much intelligence of importance.

The negotiations at Udine are ſaid not yet to be concluded, though the journals expreſs hopes that the concluſion is at no great diſtance. On the ſubject of the negotiation at Liſle, L'Eclair ſpeaks in terms of more doubt, obſerving, that more material difficulties and obſtinate pretenſions ſtand in the way of it.

The outward bound Liſbon and Oporto fleets are detained by orders of government, waiting the return of the meſſenger ſent with expoſtulations from our cabinet to the court of Liſbon, againſt that part of their recent treaty with France, which reſtricts our ſhips from taking the accuſtomed advantage of the Portugueſe ports. It is ſaid, that unleſs her faithful majeſty engages to reſcind the whole of that, and every other clauſe obnoxious to the intereſt of Britain, our miniſter, the hon. Mr. Walpole, has received orders immediately to leave Liſbon.

By letters received laſt week from Holland, we learn, that the Dutch ſailors and ſoldiers on board their fleet are kept from deſertion by a continual ſucceſſion of amuſements. Veſſels, with bands of muſic on board, every day go down to the fleet, and liquor is diſtributed in conſiderable quantities. The murmurs of the people, however, at the inactivity of their fleet, are general and loud; but the Dutch admiral ſtill thinks that it would not be prudent to ſail.

Auguſt 29.

Tueſday—one o'clock.

This morning arrived Bruſſels papers to the 22d. They ſtill inſiſt that the definitive treaty between the emperor and the French is ſigned; that Mantua, and all its dependencies, are evacuated by the French troops.

As a ſign that hoſtilities may again take place in the Adriatic, the celebrated colonel Williams has been ſent for to Trieſte, to take the command of the emperor's veſſels.

Diſpatches were received on Saturday at the office of his royal highneſs the commander in chief, from Scotland, ſtating, that ſome diſſatisfaction had been expreſſed at Mr. Dundas's plan for extending the militia to that kingdom, and that in conſequence alarming riots had taken place. Theſe, however, there is reaſon to believe, had been greatly exaggerated, as letters from Edinburgh ſtate, the accounts which they had firſt received there, had happily been contradicted, and that they hoped to appeaſe the ſpirit of diſcontent by prudence and reconciliation. No doubt this ſpirit has been fomented by malicious miſrepreſentations, ſimilar to thoſe repeatedly made uſe of by a certain faction, to impede every meaſure adopted by government, for the defence of the country againſt her deſtroying enemies.

On Friday a cartel arrived with Engliſh priſoners from France; but in conſequence of the reſolution of our government not to exchange any more priſoners till Sir Sidney Smith is releaſed, the cartel was ordered to return empty.

Yeſterday evening arrived the Paris Papers of the 24th inſt.

No notice is taken in theſe papers of the ratification of the conditions of peace between his imperial majeſty and the French directory; but if any reliance can be placed on the laſt accounts from Vienna, inſerted in the Paris journals, and on the tendency of public opinion in France, in favour of that important event, it would ſeem that the ſigning of the definitive treaty cannot be very remote.

With reſpect to the negotiations at Liſle, the moſt cautious ſecrecy continues to be obſerved, and though political ſpeculation can alone ſupply the want of authentic intelligence on this intereſting occaſion, ſome of the Paris journals venture to aſſert, on the authority of a vague report, that the negotiations are now at a ſtand.

We are are aſſured from the beſt authority, that the Chevalier D'Almeida the Portugueſe envoy, in his late interview with the cabinet miniſters, had given the moſt poſitive aſſurance, that the Portugueſe cabinet, in all their negociations, would preſerve inviolate the treaties exiſting with Great-Britain; Mr. Walpole has alſo received from the cabinet of Liſbon unequivocal proofs of entering into no terms derogatory to thir connexions with this country.

Letters from Madrid, of the 3d inſtant, mention the national finances to be in a ſtate of the greateſt embarraſſment. The new miniſter was about to negociate a loan of one hundred millions of rials. The court having prolonged their reſidence in the capital beyond their accuſtomed time, left it the 1ſt for St. Ildephonſo. The prince of peace has received ſome freſh inſtances of the affection of his ſovereign. The Spaniards ſpeak with much confidence of the ſafety of Cadiz from any future attempts of the Britiſh fleet.

The El Roſario Spaniſh prize brig, of 18 guns, commanded by lieut. Hubert, is arrived at Portſmouth, with diſpatches from Gibraltar, and alſo from Earl St. Vincent, who remains off Cadiz with the fleet, apparently meditating freſh attempts by ſea and land.

At Gibraltar they at length have indications from what paſſes within the Spaniſh lines, that the Dons mean ſoon to annoy them, as they are building freſh mortar batteries, and collecting ammunition, on which occaſion the ſtaff is removing from the town to the ſouth, preparatory to operations.—Gen. O'Hara has nearly completed the new works; all the magazines are treble bomb proof. The works at Land Port are nearly completed. A new foſſe, 40 feet deep, has been cut out of the ſolid rock, from the inundation through the cauſeway to Forbes's barrier, and a bridge, on a new model, is prepared to be flung over. The Peterell ſloop, with the tranſports, having on board the Iriſh artillery for the Weſt-Indies, ſailed the 25th of July. The Niniſa frigate, of 38 guns, now called Hamadryad, captain Stanhope, had arrived to repair, after an engagement with three French men of war off Carthagena. It was reported and believed at Gibraltar, that a bombardment of Malaga was intended, when the neceſſary reinforcement from England arrived.

—

PLYMOUTH, Auguſt 26.

Arrived the Edgar and Robuſte, of 74 guns each, from the channel fleet. The remainder, under the command of lord Bridport, anchored in Torbay yeſterday.

Four o'clock in the afternoon.—A large fleet of merchantmen, homeward bound, from the Weſt-Indies, is this inſtant paſſing by; they appear to be about 60 ſail, and we are quite overjoyed at the pleaſing ſight.

Six o'clock, P. M. "A ſignal is this moment made on Maker Tower, ſignifying the appearance of Lord Bridport's fleet from the weſtward. They are ſuppoſed to be deſtined for Torbay, to revictual, &c.

"L'Unite, of 38 guns, and a line of battle, are now ſtanding into the ſound from the above fleet."

—

BRUSSELS, Auguſt 7.

Letters from the head quarters of the army of the Sambre and Meuſe ſtate, that a great number of threatening addreſſes are preparing there, in imitation of thoſe agreed to by the troops in Italy, to be diſtributed throughout the nation. The ſame letters announce, that gen. Hoche has written a letter to gen. Moreau, for the purpoſe of prevailing on him to participate in the proceedings of the army of the Sambre and Meuſe, and to engage him to unite againſt the counter revolutioniſts. The following anſwer is ſaid to have been made by gen. Moreau: "The conſtitution prohibits the armies from deliberating, or interfering in the affairs of the interior, and I conſider it my duty to obey it."

It is, however, very certain, that although gen. Grenier's diviſion had diſcontinued its march towards the interior, it has notwithſtanding received freſh orders to hold itſelf in readineſs to march on the firſt ſignal. This circumſtance proves, that the project of ſending a new body of the army of the Sambre and Meuſe into the interior is not yet relinquiſhed.

—

VIENNA. Auguſt 6.

General Clarke's Secretary is again gone to Italy. Some time after his departure the Neapolitan Secretary ſet off to Paris with diſpatches relative to peace.

We are aſſured that all obſtacles which were in the way of peace are removed to the ſatisfaction of our Court, and that the French directory has declared in the moſt friendly manner, that a miſunderſtanding alone has delayed the negotiations.

It is ſaid that Bonaparte will ſhortly go to Gorice, and that ſuperb Fetes are to be given in that city. The two fine regiments of the emperor's light horſe, as alſo eight battalions of infantry, will parade on that occaſion,

A ſword of great value is much talked of, which is deſtined as a preſent from his Imperial majeſty to the French general.

—

PARIS. uguſt 24.

We are aſſured that the peace has been ſigned by the Emperor. It is added, in ſupport of this important intelligence, that the Courier who brought the account, arrived two days ago and that the Directory immediately aſſembled; that three of the Directors refuſed to ratify the treaty; that the Courier was on the point of ſetting off with the order for re-commencing hoſtilities, when the two other Directors required their proteſt to by inſerted in the Regiſter of the deliberations. This demand terrified the three others, who cauſed the departure of the Courier to be ſuſpended. It is not known what reſolutions have been ſince adopted.

NOTICE.

THE Offices of the Department of War are for the preſent removed near to the Falls of the Schuylkill, on the Ridge Road.

September 4. dtf

THE MAYOR'S OFFICE

IS KEPT, FOR THE PRESENT, AT THE CITY HALL.

By this day's Mail.

NEWBURY-PORT, October 17.

It affords us a high degree of pleasure to be enabled to state, that the Committee appointed to receive donations for the distressed poor in Philadelphia, in the few hours that the subscription was open, procured SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS for that benevolent purpose, and that the Chairman has sent on the amount to Mr. COATES.

NEW-YORK, October 23.

Continuation of Latest European News, received by the Chesapeake.

PARIS, August 6.

Gen. Ferino, one of the most distinguished officers of the Rhine and the Moselle, and the companion of Gen. Moreau in his memorable retreat, has been dismissed by the Directory. Was it his crime to have opposed a legal resistance to the march of the troops who were illegally advancing to Paris?

The Council of Five Hundred, availing themselves of the power entrusted to them by the Constitution, have voted the dismissal of several of the commissaries of the Treasury, who were suspected of mal-practices. The Executive Directory has also dismissed Trudon des Ormes and Popelin, two administrators of the Department of Paris.

Matthieu, an ex-conventionalist, who went out by lot in the last drawing, is appointed by the Directory, a commissary in the same department.

Letters from Audienne inform us, that the English have ceased to make their appearance in that quarter. The coast is not put into a respectable state of defence.

(Perlet.)

VIENNA, August 7.

On the 30th ult. at 6 o'clock in the morning, arrived here citizen Ferret, secretary to the French General Clarke, attended by Count Ceromini, an Imperial officer. He alighted at the hotel of the Neapolitan Ambassador, Marquis di Gallo. Baron Thugut proceeded about noon to Enzendorf, to lay the dispatches before his Imperial Majesty, who seemed to be highly pleased with their contents. The Directory has now agreed to the fortress of Mantua being restored to Austria; but all the French ordnance, arms, and ammunition, are to be removed by the French.

We are now in daily expectation of receiving intelligence that the Imperial army, under the orders of Gen. Terzy, has marched into the Venetian Terra Firma. The French have already sent back their heavy baggage to Lombardy. Our troops encamped near Roveredo, are to advance to Verona, and further on toward Mantua.

Several mercantile houses of this place have raised in Switzerland a considerable sum of money for our court, by way of a loan.

Citizen Ferret, secretary to general Clarke, set out at 3 o'clock this morning on his return to Udine, with the dispatches he received from baron Thugut. Eight hours before, the Neapolitan Ambassador, Marquis di Gallo, left town for the same place."

AMSTERDAM, August 5.

Most of the ancient representatives of the Batavian people have been re-elected. It appears, however, that the revolutionary or violent party has enjoyed a decisive influence on the primary assemblies. Deputy Vreede, a clothier of Leyden, is the leader of this party. He is a man of talents, and was the member who, on occasion of the late note, presented by citizen Noel, asserted in the convention that, with respect to the acceptance or rejection of the constitution, the nation ought to act without any foreign bias or influence. He has also published a pamphlet tending to prove that the constitution ought not to be accepted.

LONDON, August 21—22.

Letters from Venice, dated the 27th ult, state, that the municipality of that city had published a proclamation declaring its independence and determination to form, with the other free states of Italy, an indivisible republic. Addresses to this effect to the Executive directory of France, to Buonaparte, and to the people of Italy, were receiving the signatures of the inhabitants.—The cities of the Terra Firma had renounced all connexion with the capital, with a view to evade the payment of any portion of the debt of 44 millions contracted by the old Oligarchy. At Verona and Brescia the abbies have been suppressed, and the property sold for the benefit of the French Republic.

The salaries and perquisites of the different offices and places in Ireland amount to 800,000l. per ann. which at one shilling in the pound would produce an annual revenue of 40,000l. a year.

It has been found expedient to continue the 60th regiment upon its original footing, and the Duke of York has been appointed by his majesty colonel in Chief; to which, however a very trifling emolument is annexed (14s. per diem) The colonels commandant of the several battalions having the same pecuniary advantages as the colonels of other regiments of the line. The patronage of recommending to commissions rests with the colonel in chief.

The sloop of war attends, by the order of the admiralty-board, the packets from the Elbe to Yarmouth, on account of the late captures; which practice will now be continued while the present war continues.

Four fresh light sloops and a cutter, and two gun boats, sailed from the river on Friday and Saturday last, by order of the Admiralty, to protect the trade on the North and East coast, on account of the number of Dutch privateers now at sea.

Yesterday one of the West-India ships came up to the Rotherhithe, for the purpose of delivering her cargo, which we understand consists of no less than 1130 hogsheads of sugar.

A letter from the Hague, dated August 9, inserted in the last Paris papers, says, "The present situation of France has had an influence very unfavorable to the acceptance of the new constitution. A number of people with very good intentions, but fearful of pronouncing when the future appeared so uncertain, did not appear at all in the primary assemblies; so that here and in the neighborhood they have been thinly attended. The number of citizens entitled to vote at the Hague, must amount to near 6000; and there have been only about 500 votes for the constitution, and 800 against it."

Another account says, the rejection of the Dutch constitution arose from the circumstance of the constitution's not being sufficiently democratic for the Jacobins, and being of course unpleasant, therefore opposed equally by both. The following article from Haerlem, dated the 11th, was received yesterday.

"There have been 797 voices for, and 1334 voices against, the acceptance of the new constitution in the assemblies of this city.

"The inhabitants of all the great towns in Holland, particularly those in Amsterdam, are very hostile to the French, and endeavour, by every means in their power, to shake off the French yoke. The Dutch, in all their public meetings, make no hesitations in expressing the strongest antipathy against their invaders; but the powerful arm of tyranny still keeps them in subjection."

The deposition of the director, Barras, during the famous proceeding of the Chatelet, has lately been published at Paris, in opposition to the certificate of his age, which the Pro-consul Freron sent him from Provence, while he was Robespierizing in that Province. This deposition was posted up all over Paris. It begins as follows:—"Paul Jean Francois Nicolas de Barras, 32 y ars old."—It was made in the year 1792; Barras was, therefore, not older than 37 years, when, about the end of 1795, he was chosen a director, and has not yet attained the age of 40, which is required by the constitution His holding the place of director is, consequently, an open violation of the constitutional act.

The last advices received from Admiral Duncan stated that the British and Dutch fleets continued nearly in the same position as when he wrote before. An officer on board the Inflexible, writes under the date August 8, as follows:—"We are in company with admiral Duncan, in a fleet consisting of 19 sail of the line, besides frigates, blocking up the Texel, and the crews in high spirits at the thoughts of the Dutch coming out, as they think they will be able to give a good account of them, should they attempt it. They have 23 sail of the line, but several 40 gun ships are amongst them. Our fleet has just received a fresh supply of provisions and water."

Capt. Brydges, of the Prince of Orange packet, arrived at Yarmouth, saw the British fleet to the eastward of the Texel on Tuesday last, and the following day was chased by a Dutch cutter.

Sickness has began to manifest itself on board the Dutch fleet. The crowded state of their vessels is stated as the principal cause.

August 23.

Captain Patrick Campbell, of the navy, who arrived a few days ago from the Cape of Good Hope, with dispatches from gen Sir James Craig, brought advice of the safe arrrival of Lord Macartney, on the 4th of May, and that every thing was then quiet at that settlement. The troops were healthy and in good spirits.

EAST INDIA NEWS.

Yesterday morning an overland express was received at the East India house from Madras.

This day a court of directors was held at the East India House, for the purpose of reading the dispatches received yesterday.

Their purport we understand to be of a disagreeable nature, but by no means so hostile to the peace of India, as has been reported.

In consequence of some dispute between Tipoo Saib and the Rajah of Cotiote, respecting Elephants, a detachment of troops, consisting of 1000 men, headed by colonel Dow, marched towards that province, for the sake of ending the dispute by treaty or arms; when, on passing from Wynaad into Cotiote they were attacked by the refractory Rajah Pyche—on the early retreat of colonel Dow, the command devolved on major Cameron, who after a gallant resistance, fell at the head of his troops. In this unfortunate action we lost 300 men and a great part of our ammunition.

The following is a list of the killed and wounded—

Killed—Major Cameron, Lieut. Nugent, Ensign Mudge, and Ensign Ruddiman.

Wounded—Capt. Budden and Ensign Fallow.

In consequence of the above unhappy contest, Governor Duncan, attended by General Stewart, proceeded from Bombay to Tellicherry, in order to confer with the ministers of Tippoo, leaving Sir Charles Malet and Mr. Page charge of the Government.

The latest advices from Bombay state the agreeable news of Tippoo's return to Seringapatam, from what had been termed a hunting party and of every prospect of tranquility being about to restore the Ciotic province.

YARMOUTH, August 20.

"Last night Espiegle, Capt. Boorder, arrived here, with the French privateer La Prodige, of 16 guns and 87 men. She was captured after a chase of 24 hours, running 200 miles. She made but a slight resistance, but it was sufficiently long to cost the Captain and First Lieutenant their lives Capt. Boorder had only one man slightly wounded. We cannot but lament the fate of the French Captain, as he has conducted himself with uncommon humanity and politeness to those prisoners that have fallen into his hands. The privateer had only 15 days from Dunkirk and is so excellent a sailer, that there are few vessels except the Espiegle, that could have overtaken her. She has taken, since the commencement of the war, upwards of 200 vessels."

TRENTON, October 24.

Two persons were last week committed to the jail of this city for robbing the house of Andrew Blackwell, living in Hopewell township, of Cash to the amount of about 5 pounds. (It was reported that Mr. Blackwell was to have received a large sum of money the day before the robbery.) The villians have confessed their guilt, and that one George Still was their accomplice and leader, who is also taken and confined in the jail of Flemington. The names of the two confined in the jail of this city are Matthew Magomber and William Denny.

A School-master, living in said township, was also robbed of 7 dollars, by an unknown highway-man, in the evening of some day last week. The circumstance attending this robbery were savage and horrid. The school-master was overtaken on the high road by a travellings stronger, who fell into a friendly conversation with him, but took an opportunity when the unsuspecting sufferer was off his guard, to cut his throat from ear to ear, in order more securely to commit the theft. The wound, it is hoped, is not mortal. The culprit has not yet ben detected.

HARRISBURGH, October 18.

ELECTION.

The whole number of votes for this county at the late election, were 2,425.

Of which, for Assembly,

William M'Clay, had	1764
David Krause	1662
Samuel Ainsworth	1572
Who are elected.	
Christian Ley	814
Conrad Bombach	518
Ulrey Weltmer	504
Wolfersberger	258
Cornelius Cox	170
For Sheriff.	
Henry Orth	1318
Anthony Kelker	792

The county of Cumberland have elected Samuel Postlethwaite, Senator; Messrs. Whitehill, Kennedy and Powers for the Assembly.

For Northumberland County.

Samuel M'Clay and Simon Snyder—Assembly.

For Lycoming County.

William White—Assembly.

For Huntingdon County.

Mr. Marshall—Assembly.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 26.

CITY HOSPITAL.

From 25th to 26th Oct. in the morning.

Discharged since last Report.

Elsey Brady, admitted 29th ult.

Died since last Report.

Jacob Sides, (Black) admitted 23d.

Remaining last Report			29
Admitted since, NONE.			
Discharged,		1	
Died,		1	2
Remain in Hospital,	Convalescents	14	27
	Sick	13	
Interred in City Hospital burying ground since last report:—			
From the city and suburbs,			1
From the city hospital,			1
Total			2

COMMUNICATION.

The miserable departure of the French from that humanity which has constituted the distinguishing honor of the modern law of nations, however execrated by all good men, is considered by themselves as *an elevation of their character.*

*** A COUNTRY SUBSCRIBER in our next.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

Ship Lavinia, Brown, Liverpool, via Norfolk.

Niger, Thouars, P. au Prince.

Brig Two Brothers, Stoddard, N. Provi.

Sch. Hope, Parsons, Gonaives.

Miranda, Dill, Jamaica.

Helena Plumstead, Van Duym, Gonai.

Brig Amiable Adele, Smith, from St. Thomas, in 20 days.

Capt. Cotter, of the Lovely Lass, in 18 days from Cape Francois, left at that place the following vessels belonging to this port: Brig Dispatch, Bioren, to sail in 4 days.

Schr. Kitty, Green, 3

Boston, Clark, 5

Amy, Cushing, 3

Eagle, Wells, 12

Hopewell, Clark, 20

Schr. Betsey, Shoemaker, arrived from hence 28th Sept.

Wilmington, Oct. 29.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 21—Ship Old Tom, ——, from Londonderry, with 320 passengers.

Ship America, Shallcross, Cape Nichola Mole—Salt and rum.

Snow Sarah, Potter, St. John's (New-Brunswick)—Plaister of Paris.

Schooner Landlady, Foster, Halifax—Fish and oil.

New York, October 25.

ARRIVED.		DAYS
Snow Pallas, Wyeth,	Dublin	62
Schr. Fortitude, Taylor,	Richmond	12
Fanny Bridger, Dunn,	Philad.	6
Weymouth, ——,	Baltimore	16

Capt. Wyeth, Aug. 31, spoke the brig Grace, from Philadelphia to Amsterdam, in lat. 50.

Sept. 13, spoke the brig Ann, from Philadelphia to Hamburg, in lat. 42, long. 39.

21, Spoke ship Elizabeth, from Havre to Philadelphia, out 56 days. lat. 43, long. 43.

26, Spoke ship Polly of Charleston, bound to Bilboa, lat. 43, long. 48.

Same day, spoke the Josiah Collins, from New-York for Liverpool—same latitude.

Also spoke the ship Liberty of Alexandria, 11 days from Salem bound to Rotterdam.

The Pallas put into an English port, where a passenger saw the arrival of the Draper at Waterford in 30 days from this port. She had not been captured as reported.

NORFOLK, OCTOBER 16.

Ship Martin, Parcells, London

Brig Delight, Fowler, Cape-N. Mole

Maria, Holman, Cape Francois

Fanny and Betsey, Shaddock, Jamaica,

Eliza, M'Connel, Liverpool

Sch'r Cholie Ann, Fitzhugh, Antigua

John, Woodward, Cape N. Mole

Sloop Dispatch, Archer, St. Bartholomews

Duke of Clarence, Williams, Berbice

Yesterday arrived in Hampton Roads, the schooner Adeline, captan Stainley, 16 days from Gonaives, bound to Baltimore. By this vessel we learn that the brig Abigail, captain Shirley, from Norfolk bound to Jamaica, is captured by the French, and sent into St. Jago de Cuba; the sloop Thomas and Sally, also of this port, is taken and carried into Gonaives. We further learn, that the Medusa and Insurgent frigates, under Commodore Barney, arrived at Port-de-Paix on the 24th or 25th September. Capt. Eldridge, of the sloop George of this port (taken and condemned at Gonaives) came passenger in the Adeline.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 6.

Yesterday arrived, ship Diana, capt. Bolton, from Liverpool, from whence she sailed the 14th of June; and on the 21st of August, lat. 35. 30. long. 72. 30. was taken by L'Aigle, a French privateer capt. Marin, mounting 16 guns, with 80 men, who took out the mate and 8 seamen, leaving the captain, Mr. Johnson, a passenger, and 2 seamen in the ship; put a prize master and 10 men on board, and ordered her for Porto Rico. On the 8th September, lat. 27. long. 59. saw a ship to leeward, which came up, and proved to be the Portsmouth, of Philadelphia, capt. Monk, having the mate and five seamen of the Diana, who were put on board by the privateer; on knowing the Diana, they requested capt. Monk to put them on board, but coming along side, the prize master and French seamen on board the Diana being much alarmed, capt. Bolton took the advantage of their confusion, and retook command of his ship, put 4 of the pirates on board the Portsmouth, secured the others.

On the 19th of September, spoke the ship Molly, capt Toby, a letter of Marque of 20 guns and 50 men, from Kingston, bound and belonging to Liverpool, and put 4 of the remaining pirates on board. On the 28th September, lat. 31, 16. long. 80. 30. west, in a heavy gale of wind, saw the ship Liefdy, from Hamburgh, bound to Charleston, on her beam ends, who threw out a signal of distress. Captain Bolton bore down and came along side found the captain and crew on the wreck, sent his boat and took them all on board, at the risk of the lives of those who went to their assistance. He stayed by the wreck some time, and, finding nothing could be saved, left her.

Capt. Bolton brought with him 3 of the pirates, whom he made assist in working his ship.

Capt. Bolton feels himself much indebted to captain Monk, of the Portsmouth, and captain Toby of the Molly, who generously supplied him with every necessary he stood in need of.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

An INAUGURAL DISSERTATION on the BILIOUS MALIGNANT FEVER;—*read at a public examination, before the Rev. Joseph Willard, S. T. D. L. L. D. president; by* SAMUEL BROWN, *A. M.—Published August, 1797,* Manning & Loring, *Boston.*

"The putrid steams of some corroding venom,
In countless pores, o'er all the pervious skin
Imbib'd, soon poison the balsamic blood,
And rouse the heart to every fever's rage."

THE author commences his dissertation by observing that, "in August 1796, the town of Boston was visited by a contagious disease of unusual malignancy, the circumstances and marks of which were such as threatened great calamity; and the alarm spread, and became almost universal. This still increased; on observing that in many of its symptoms it bore great resemblance to the fever which had so recently raged at Philadelphia and New-York."

The author then mentions what diseases were most prevalent previous *to* and *at* the commencement of this fever; but unfortunately has given us no information of the state of the atmosphere; whether it was pure and wholesome, containing much oxygene; or hot and depressing to the strength, containing much azote. Though in a subsequent part of the work he observes, "which, therefore, of the above principles (oxygene or azote) has the greatest share in the production of diseases, will not be decided, until some standard, or *gasmetre*, shall be invented, by which it can be known what is the peculiar state of the atmosphere when they prevail.

Some observations on poisons follow, which might have been *omitted*, as they contain nothing new; and he candidly confesses that most of them "have long been acknowledged by the best medical writers."

The description of the fever is brief, but sufficiently characteristic, to distinguish it, and with that accuracy which mark but few.

Proximate cause—he observes, is morbid effluvia, first lodged in the saliva; thence conveyed and lodged in the stomach and intestines; here, either perverting or totally destroying the digestive powers of these viscera, thereby a putrid and highly corrosive mass is generated instead of a mild and bland substance to give nourishment to animal life. The surrounding blood vessels feel the change and are affected; the whole system is catenated with these irregular motions, when life, unable to withstand so *irregular* an attack, yields itself a victim.

That the disease makes its approach by the saliva, he thinks is evident, from persons complaining of tasting the putrid exhalations a long time after being nigh an infected subject. A most elegant sentence closes these observations. "The alimentary canal may be called the storehouse of contagion. Here, like the skilful but cautious enemy, it commences its operations by progressively invading the weaker parts until the innermost fortresses of life are endangered."

The remote cause—Debility.

Treatment, or method of cure.—With unremitted diligence the Boston practitioners have followed our justly celebrated professor, Dr. Rush, and have again experienced the happy effect of his judicious prescription, jalap and calomel. Bleeding was not here attended with as much success as at Philadelphia, "I believe because the fever was *less* inflammatory."

Whether the miasma, or contagious matter of the BILIOUS MALIGNANT FEVER, is an imported or home production?—

The author, after combating a *little* with professor Mitchill and Dr. Bay, both of New-York, on the production and introduction of miasma, concludes it to be a homespun disease, and we are not indebted to India nor any foreign port for this *commodity.*

From the many quotations it may be seen that the author's stile is energetic, his deductions well drawn, and his treatment, that which has proved most efficacious in those parts of the United States and West-Indies where this tyrannic fever has erected its standard of death. It may be *stiled* a work of *merit* and worthy a perusal.

WALPOLE, (N. H.) October 16.

The public review, by regiments, of the troops, composing the fifth brigade of the New Hampshire militia, was completed last Thursday at Claremont. We are happy to learn, that the martial spirits of the soldiery, roused by foreign indignities, aided by the active exertions of brigadier general Allen, and encouraged in several instances by the presence of the major general, exhibited in turn a very pleasing specimen of military improvement. This brigade now furnishes seven troops of cavalry and twelve companies of light infantry, all completely officered, equipped and uniformed; and capable, with scarcely an exception, of performing the exercise and evolutions of the camp with reputable exactness. It is not invidious to remark, that the display of military discipline of the twelfth regiment, under the command of col. Gardner, would not have disgraced a corps of organized veterans.

Gentlemen passengers in the latest vessels from London, report most favourably concerning the polity, manufactures, arts and literature of England. An amiable monarch, a loyal people, a flourishing commerce, an admirable constitution, all, all give the lie to those fools, or those knaves, who pronounce Britain in her decadence. She writes *vici* on her shields, and her invincible fleets sweep every French and Spanish cobweb from the ocean.

It is curious to compare the nautical journals of French and British marine behaviour.—When one of our vessels is encountered by his Britannic majesty's frigates or merchantmen, the American captain invariably records in his log-book that he was *politely* treated. But the courteous, the gallant, the professing, the plausible Frenchman, our good friend, our ally, enters the cabin sword in hand; breaks the chest and the locker, whips the sailor, assassinates the captain, and conveys the cargo to Victor Hugues, with an air perfectly polite and Parisian. Americans, be not deceived. Your ancestors, in 1755, knew the nature of those tygers and those monkeys who growl and chatter in France. They were esteemed rightly then; and in all the wonderful revolutions of the republick the national character is uniform. Against a mad revolutionary spirit, against five gimcrack kings, against the monstrous unatural domination of the populace, against a cut-throat army, against apostate priests let us build a Chinese wall, and know France only as a corner in the map of Europe.—Miserable is an intimacy with a people, who live "without God in the world," who tip the wink in murder, who eradicate the social charities, who give lax reins to terror, and who *labour* to disturb the brightest hopes, the fondest wishes of the human heart.

POST OFFICE.

Philadelphia, October 26, 1797.

THE Post-Office will be removed to No. 34, South Front Street, on Saturday the 28th inst. at half past 12 o'clock, P. M. and on Monday, the 30th, the letter carriers will begin to deliver as usual.

St. Croix Sugar & Rum,

For Sale by

JOHN NIXON & Co.

Oct. 27. d2w.

From Marseilles.

THE CARGO

Of the Swedish barque Gustavus Adolphus, from Marseilles, consisting of the following articles, is discharging at Mr. Latimer's wharf, and for sale by the subscribers

BRANDY, well flavored, of 2, 3 & 4th proof
Claret, in hogsheads
Ditto, in cases
Frontigniac Wine, in cases of 30 bottles
Olive Oil, of a superior quality, in baskets of 6 and 12 bottles
Capers
Olives
Almonds
Dry Verdigrease
Writing Paper
Umbrellas (Silk) of 28, 30 and 32 inches
Taffeties
Long and short white Kid Gloves for Women
Silk Stockings
Handkerchiefs, in imitation of Madrass
Artificial Flowers and Garlands
Ostrich Feathers
Ribbons
Perfumery
Scented Hair-Powder and Pomatum
Manna in sorts
Cream Tartar.

BENJAMIN MORGAN & ROBERT ANDREWS.

September 27. eotf

The Health-Office

Is removed to the City-Hall, and is kept open night and day, where persons having business may apply. WM. ALLEN, Health-Officer.

Sept. 4. dtf

Imported in the ship MANCHESTER,
BENJAMIN SHEWELL, Master,
From Bourdeaux, and for sale by the subscriber,
No. 11 Walnut Street.

Bourdeaux Brandy
Irish market claret in cases } Entitled to
Medoc wine, in do. } Drawback.
Sauterne, do. do.

Thomas Murgatroyd.

WHO HAS FOR SALE.
Sherry Wine in pipes and quarter casks
Rota do. do.
Pimento in bags
4000 bushels Liverpool salt.
Aug. 24. tut&stf.

To be sold at Public Vendue,

To the highest bidder, at the house of Mr. William Evans, the sign of the Indian Queen, in the city of Baltimore, on the 25th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M

About seven thousand acres of land, the property of William Bell, of Philadelphia, lying between Reister's-town and Westminster, commonly called Little Winchester, (the turnpike road runs through a considerable part of these lands) the tract begins about 17 miles from Baltimore, within a few hundred yards of said Reister's-town, and extends to the distance of about twenty-three miles from Baltimore, and lies on the main falls of Patapsico river, from three to four miles thereon. Will be sold in tracts of one hundred and fifty to three hundred acre. There is a large proportion of meadow and wood land on each tract, some of them highly improved, with excellent buildings and fine grass.

ALSO

A tract of seven hundred acres of land, called Clover Farms, within five miles of Bladensburg, esteemed very good for Grass. Richard Ponsonby, of Bladensburgh, will shew this land to any person inclined to purchase.

ALSO,

A tract of land of about three hundred and thirty acres, within about two miles and a half of the President's house in the Federal City. It is nearly all wood land, and a fine high prospect, from which may be seen the city of Washington, Bladensburgh, Alexandria and a part of George-town, and many miles down the Potomac river. Mr. Richard Ponsonby, of Bladensburg, will also shew this land.

A liberal credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

May 8 w3m

Just Received,

From Batavia (via Providence)
A few Boxes of Spices, consisting of
Nutmegs, Cloves and mace
For sale by
WILLINGS & FRANCIS,
Penn street.
may 30 dtf

Davis's Law Book Store,
No. 319, High-Street.

GEORGE DAVIS,

BEING bufied for some time past in preparations for removing into his present house, has been under the necessity of postponing until this day informing the gentlemen of the Bar generally thro' the United States, that his spring importation of law books is now arranged and ready for sale, on terms that he trusts will entitle him to the like preference he has experienced for several years past.

Catalogues, combining the most varied collection ever imported into this country, are printed and will be delivered on application.

June 27. 2aw 6w

City Commissioners' Office,
June 22, 1797.

IN pursuance of an ordinance from the select and common councils, passed the 22d day of May last, appointing the city commissioners, and prescribing their duties, section 9th,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city is divided into five districts, each to be under the superintendance of one of the city commissioners, who is to be individually responsible for the cleanliness of the same, and are as follow.

Dristrict No. 1. From the south side of Cedar-street, to the north side of Spruce-street, under the superintendence of Nathan Boys.

2. From the north side of Spruce-street, to the north side of Walnut-street, under the superintendence of Hugh Roberts.

3. From the north side of Walnut to the south side of High-street, under the superintendence of Joseph Claypoole.

4. From the north side of High-street, to the north side of Mulberry street, under the superintendence of William Moulder.

5. From the north side of Mulberry-street to the north side of Vine-street, under the superintendence of Nicholas Hicks.

The cleaning of High-street to be in common.

☞ A stated meeting of the city commissioners is held at the Old Court House, in High-street, every Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock.

July 14. eotm

Stands for Draymen, &c.

In pursuance of an Ordinance from the Select and Common Councils, bearing date the 22d day of April, 1797, providing for the appointment of City Commissioners, &c. Sect. the 15th.

THE following places are fixed upon by the said City Commissioners for Stands for Draymen and their Horses.

In Vine-street, eastward of Front-street, on both sides.

Sassafras, High, Chesnut and Walnut-streets, eastward of Front-street, on the north side only.

Mulberry-street, south side from Front to Third-street.

Front-street, east side from Vine-street to Elfrith's alley.

Front-street, from opposite to Black Horse alley to Hamilton's stores, east side.

Water-street, west side from the north end of Stamper's or Moore's stores to Pine-street.

Front-street, from Pine to Cedar-street, west side.

Penn-street, east of Front-street.

Drawbridge, north side, east of Front street, south side.

Spruce, Pine and South streets, east of Front street, south side.

Dock-street, between Walnut-street and the flag stone crossings, east side, opposite George Orkley's.

Second-street, between Sassafras and Vine streets, west side.

Fifth-street, east side from Chesnut to Mulberry streets.

Sassafras-street, from Third to Fourth-street, east side.

No dray or horse to stand within ten feet of any pump.

STANDS FOR HACKNEY COACHES.

Pine-street, north side from Fourth to Fifth streets.

Fifth-street, between Chesnut and Walnut streets, west.

Branch-street, north side, between Third and Fourth streets.

July 14. mw&f1m

A Literary Treat.

Just published, handsomely printed on writing paper, price 1 dollar,

A new edition of that popular and entertaining work, entitled

THE FORESTERS, an American Tale; being a sequel to the history of John Bull, the Clothier—In a series of letters to a friend, with the addition of two letters, alluding to recent political transactions in America.

The following extract from the Clavis Allegorica, shews the principal characters that are introduced:

John Bull, the Kingdom of England
His Mother, the Church of England
His Wife, the Parliament
His Sister Peg, the Church of Scotland
His Brother Patrick, Ireland
Lewis, the Kingdom of France
His Mistress, the Old Constitution
His new Wife, the National Representation
Lord Strut, the Kingdom of Spain
Nicholas Frog, the Dutch Republic
The Franks, the French Republic
The Foresters, the United States of America
Robert Lumber, New-Hampshire,
John Codline, Massachusetts
Humphrey Plowshare, Connecticut
Roger Carrier, Rhode Island
Peter Bull Frog, New-York
Julius Cæsar, New-Jersey
William Broadbrim, Pennsylvania
Cassimar, Delaware
Walter Pipewood, Virginia
His Grandson, George Washington
Peter Pitch, North Carolina
Charles Indigo, South Carolina
George Twisty, Georgia
Ethan Greenwood, Vermont
Hunter Longknife, Kentucky
Black Cattle, Negro Slaves
Rats, Speculators
Mother Carey's Chickens, Jacobins

☞ This popular and entertaining satirical history of America is attributed to the Rev. Dr. BELKNAP. It has a great share of originality and abounds with genuine humour. It is continued down to the present time, and characterises those late political transactions which have caused so much uneasiness in America.

Sold by H. and P. RICE, Bookseller, No. 16, South Second Street, and No. 50, Market street.

June 26. $

LAW BOOKS,

Latest London and Dublin Editions.
H. & P. RICE, Booksellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 50, Market street,

HAVE just received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their spring importation, consisting of a variety of the latest and most approved Law Books, which, added to those already on hand, forms the most extensive collection ever offered for sale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to sell Irish editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very lowest prices. The following are among the latest publications.

Vesey, jun'rs Reports in Chancery, 2 vols. Peake's Cases at Nisi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke; Floyer's Procters Practice in the Ecclesiastical Courts; Barton's Treatise on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Personal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruise on Uses; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. RICE expect to receive by the first arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and East's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Loft, and a number of new publications.

June 26.

The History of Pennsylvania,

BY ROBERT PROUD,

IS now in the press, and will be published, with all convenient expedition, by ZECHARIAH POULSON, jun. No. 80, Chesnut-street, Philadelphia, where subscriptions will continue to be received, and at the Philadelphia Library, according to the printed proposals, until the work is ready for the subscribers.

July 18. 2awtf

The Partnership,

UNDER the firm of FREEMAN & Company, is dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against the said House are desired to render the same to T. B. Freeman; and those indebted to the House are desired to make payment to him—By whom business will in future be carried on, at his Store, No. 39, South Front-street.

August 7 cod4w

Richard and James Potter

HAVE removed their Counting House to No. 45, South Fifth-street.

August 2. w&f6t

Lancaster, Harrisburgh Carlisle, Shippensburg and Sunbury

STAGES.

THE public are requested to take notice, that the partnership which has for some time subsisted between Mathias Slough of Lancaster, and William Geer, is now dissolved: but, not as M. Slough insinuates to the public without just cause; as will more fully appear by a letter on the subject from M. Slough to W. Geer, dated the 29th December last. a recital of which is not now deemed necessary. Any gentleman who wishes to be more circumstantially informed of the merits of this business, by applying to W. Geer may have the perusal of M. Slough's letter, and then can be at full liberty to determine whether or not W. Geer is not perfectly justifiable in attaching himself to any other person in the prosecution of the Stage conveyance from Philadelphia to Shippensburg, or any other place.

Now from the liberal and generous support the public were pleased to confer on the first effort in this business, William Geer, in conjunction with Messrs. Reily, Weed and Witmer, is determined to prosecute and carry it on, with every care, attention and dispatch that a zeal to oblige the public can possibly exert.

The above company, who are amply provided with carriages, horses, and every appurtenance to render the passage safe and commodious, inform those who wish to patronize and encourage the undertaking, that they can take their seats at George Weed's, the sign of the White Horse, Market Street, Philadelphia, on every Monday and Friday, to proceed to Lancaster, Harrisburg, Carlisle and Shippensburg. The fare as hitherto established.

For the further accommodation of the public, a Stage will start every Wednesday from the house of Samuel Elder, in Harrisburg, arrive at Sunbury in Northumberland county, every Thursday, and return from thence and arrive at Harrisburg every Saturday, so that passengers destined for Lancaster or Philadelphia, may proceed on Mondays.

WILLIAM GEER.

Lancaster, Jan. 27, 1797.

N. B. This Line of Stages starts from the house of William Ferree, in Lancaster, on every Tuesday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, proceeding to the westward; and from the house of Mr. Samuel Elder in Harrisburg every Wednesday morning, on the same evening arrives at Patrick Cochran's in Shippensburg, and returns from thence on every Thursday: performing the same routine daily as in its tour from Philadelphia. mwf

---

Advertisement.

On the 20th of November next in Alexandria (being court day), will be exposed for sale one or more covering Jacks, and several young ones of different ages and sizes; all descended from Royal Gift (an imported Jack from Spain, upwards of 15 hands high) out of imported Jinnies from Malta, full 14 hands high.

The terms of sale (or if not sold, of letting them for one or more seasons to cover) will then be made known: the payments may be made easy to the purchaser, bond and security being given for the amount, with interest.

At the same time and place, sundry Horses and Mares will be offered for sale. The latter having been to the Jacks, are probably with foal.

JAMES ANDERSON, Manager.

Mount-Vernon, 20th September, 1797. 1aw4w

Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

THE Office will be kept until further notice at the School House in Germantown. The Company still retain the room in Chesnut, above Seventh street, where a person will attend to receive and give answers to applications, every day from 10 until 1 o'clock.

Sept 13. d3t2awtf

Thomas Armat and Son,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

INFORM their customers and the public, they have removed a part of their merchandize to Wilmington: Also, they have their store open in the city. At either place their friends can be supplied, and their orders carefully attended to

By the Cumberland, from Hull, they have received a handsome assortment of articles, suitable to the approaching season; and expect to add to it by other fall ships.

Should the sickness prevail in the central part of the city, that branch of their business will be removed to Germantown.

☞ The communication by post is open and regular as usual.

Sept. 18. thtf

TO BE SOLD VERY CHEAP!

A Light WAGGON almost new, with a frame—and a pair of harness (English collars) has never been used—price 90 Dolls.

A Horse 16 hands high, seven years old—and a new chair, with a falling top and harness—320.

Enquire No. 331, Market-street

August 24. d1w

For sale or to be let on ground-rent,

A valuable Lot of Ground;

SITUATE on the north-east corner of Walnut and Fifth streets, fronting the State-House square. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut street, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth street; there are at present two small two story brick houses, and a number of small tenements thereon.

Also, for Sale,

Two three story Brick Houses

With convenient stores, wharf, &c. situate on Water-street, between Mulberry and Sassafras streets, containing in front on Water street fifty-four feet, and continuing that breadth eastward ninety-five feet, then widening to the south thirteen feet six inches. These houses have the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north side, and are a very desirable situation for a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occasion for storage of goods. This property will be sold on very reasonable terms for cash. For further information apply to the printer.

July 31. m&wtf

TO BE SOLD,

And possession given immediately,

A LARGE two story brick House, handsomely situated in Princeton. There are four rooms and a large entry on each floor, and five rooms in the garret, a range of back buildings 51 feet in length, and a piazza of 57 feet. There is a pump in the yard, an excellent kitchen garden, at the farther end of which are a carriage house and two stables, one of which is new, 44 feet long, with stalls in the two stables for 27 horses. The healthiness and pleasantness of its situation, and the number of genteel and agreeable families in and near the town, render it a desirable retreat for a gentleman from the city. The commodiousness of the house, its central position, and the largeness of the stables, make it every way suitable for a tavern, for which it has always been considerd as a capital stand. Inquire on the premises, of

ISAAC SNOWDEN.

Princeton, Aug. 25. 29—d1w2awtf

City of Washington.

SCHEME
Of the Lottery, No. II,
For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-house & cash 30,000, are		20,000 dollars,	50,000
1 ditto	15,000 & cash	25,000	40,000
1 ditto	15,000 & cash	15,000	30,000
1 ditto	10,000 & cash	10,000	20,000
1 ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1 ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1 cash prize of			10,000
2 do.	5,000 each, are	-	10,000
10 do.	1,000	- -	10,000
20 do.	500	- -	10,000
00 do.	100	- -	10,000
200 do.	50	- -	10,000
400 do.	25	- -	10,000
1,000 do.	20	-	20,000
15,000 do.	10	-	150,000
16,739 Prizes.			
33,261 Blanks.			
50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars,			400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

☞ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry.

mwf

This Day Published,

And to be sold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Chesnut streets,
Price 3-8ths of a Dollar,

Observations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of
"The History of the United States for the year 1796,"
In which the CHARGE OF SPECULATION against
ALEXANDER HAMILTON,
Late SECRETARY of the TREASURY, is FULLY REFUTED.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication presents a concise statement of the base means practised by the Jacobins of the United States to asperse the characters of those persons who are considered as hostile to their disorganizing schemes. It also contains the correspondence between Mr. Hamilton and Messrs. Monroe, Muhlenburgh and Venable, on the subject of the documents aforesaid, and a series of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the possibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds, was the result of a daring conspiracy on the part of the latter and his associates to extort money.

☞ A discount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholesale purchasers, for CASH. Orders to be addressed to Mr YOUNG.

August 25.

No. 188.

District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

(L. S.) BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the twenty sixth day of July, in the twenty second year of the independence of the United States of America, JOHN FENNO, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:—

"Observations on certain documents contained "in No. V. and VI. of "The History of the United States for the year 1796," in which the charge "of speculation, against Alexander Hamilton, late "Secretary of the Treasury, is fully refuted—"Written by himself."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, entituled, "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL,
Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.

July 27. w4w

The Inhabitants of the District of Southwark,

ARE informed that a Coachee is provided, to be kept at the Constables' office, the north east corner of Front and Almond streets, where the friends of those sick persons who desire to be removed to the City Hospital, are requested to make application—Also, a Hearse will be kept in readiness for the removal of the dead.

JONATHAN PENROSE.

N. B.—The Poor, who wish to remove to the Tents on Schuylkill, may be furnished with orders by applying as above. *Aug.* 29

William Blackburn,

LOTTERY AND BROKER'S OFFICE
No. 64 south Second-street.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. II, which commenced drawing the 29th May, FOR SALE. The price of tickets will rise in proportion as the drawing advances, particularly on account of the five first drawn tickets, prizes of four thousand dollars each, on the last day of drawing.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, in the Canal, No. 2, City of Washington, No. 2, and Paterson Lotteries.

Also, tickets for sale in the Schuylkill bridge and Perkiomen Bridge lotteries, which will begin drawing in the course of the summer.

The business of a Broker in all kinds of Stock, Bills, Notes, Lands, &c. &c. transacted with the utmost attention.

June 2 tu&f

Erskine's View of the War.

JUST PUBLISHED,
By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.
No. 40 South Second street,
[Price 31 Cents]

A View of the Causes and Consequences of the present War with France.

By the Honorable THOMAS ERSKINE.

May 15 §

STATE TRIALS.

Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookseller, No. 52, South Second-street,

The Pennsylvania State Trials,

CONtaining the impeachment, trial, and acquittal of Francis Hopkinson, Judge of the Court of Admiralty, and John Nicholson, Comptroller General—In one large 8 vo. vol. Price, in boards, 3 dollars.

W. YOUNG has for sale, a general assortment of Books. Also, Stationary, retail and by the package, well assorted, and entitled to the drawback if exported. July 7—

For Sale,

That well known place, called VANDERIFT'S FERRY,

ON Neshaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on the New York post road, containing 74 acres and 94 perches. Upon the premises are a large two story stone house occupied as a tavern, and a good one story stone kitchen, a large frame stable with a good threshing floor, and some out buildings—also a well of good water, and an excellent ice House. On this place is a most elegant situation for a gentleman's seat, commanding a view of the Neshaminy to its junction with the Delaware, and thence across to the Jersey shore. It has the privilege of one half the toll received from the bridge.

For terms apply to the Subscriber,

MORDECAI LEWIS.

May 24. 3tawtf.

COLUMBIA HOUSE
Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleasure and respect, returns her sincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement she has received during four years residence in Philadelphia; and assures her friends and the public, so far from intending to decline her school, she has made a superior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her scholars.—Every branch of useful and polite education is particularly attended to by Mrs. Groombridge and masters excelling in their respective professions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.

June 5th, 1797. §1mstf

The situation is perfectly healthy; and made more agreeable by an extensive garden and lot of ground adjoining the house.

Just Published,

And to be had of Messrs. Dobson, Campbell, Rice, Cary, and the other pricipal Bookfellers in the city, price one dollar, twinty-five cents, in boards,

New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and Nations of America.

BY BENJAMIN SMITH BARTON, M. D.

June 20. *6t

Ross & Simson,
—HAVE FOR SALE—

Excellent Coffee in { Hogsheads, Tierces, and Barrels.
A small parcel of nice cocoa in bags
A few puncheons Jamaica spirits, fourth proof
Superior Teneriffee wine, old and in Madeira pipes
An invoice of jewellery and hosiery to be sold by the package
A few hampers of best English cheese.

July 27. dtf.

The Subscriber has for Sale,

A large assortment of India Muslins, coarse and fine
India Calicoes
Sooty Romalls
Blue Cloths and Checks
Bandanna Handkerchiefs
Blue red and Gilli Handkerchiefs
An invoice of Irish Linens and Sheetings, well assorted
A box of Diapers
Silk Umbrellas
Two boxes of fine Spices, containing Nutmegs, Mace and Cloves
Black Pepper of first quality
East India Ginger
Java Sugar
A quantity of Madeira Wine
Ditto of Gin
Roll Brimstone

Mordecai Lewis.

August 12. 3awim

Higgins' Specific

FOR THE
PREVENTION AND CURE OF THE
YELLOW FEVER.

EVER since this disease made such ravages in this city and New-York, the author has turned his attention to its causes and cure.—The result of his enquiries has convinced him that the reason why so few persons recover from its attacks, are from its not being well understood, and the consequent wrong method taken to cure it. He is persuaded that the excessive bleedings and mercurial treatment of the Faculty is highly injurious, and that the only rational mode of treatment is by the use of proper acids. Convinced of this he offers his *Specific* as a certain remedy, if used according to the directions.

To be had in bottles, at one dollar each, of the inventor *Geo. Higgins*, Cherry street, two doors above Ninth street, (late manager of Jackson and Co's Medicine Warehouse, London); by *J. Leblanc*, No. 216; *W. Griffith*, No. 177, *T. Pearce*, No. 21, South Third street, *T. Stiff*, No. 55, New street, near Vine street, and *J. Gales*, No. 36, Race street.

Aug. 25. tuths 3t

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMAS, and CONSUMPTIONS.

Just received, by WM. GRIFFITHS, No. 177, South Second-street, a fresh supply of

Genuine Balsam of Honey,

A Medicine invented by the late Sir John Hill (who knowledge as a Botanist procured him the appellation of the Linnæus of Britain), and is considered in England as a *certain cure* for the above complaints; it is also of singular efficacy in the Hooping Cough,

It may also be had retail of W. A. STOKES, No. 61, South Second-street, and T. STIFF, 55, New-street, in bottles at 75 cents each.

WM. GRIFFITHS having observed the happy effect of the medicine, (several cases of cures having come within his own knowledge) and the great demand for it has induced him to order a large supply, a part of which he has just received.

August 3. 1aw3w

---

30 Dollars Reward.

RAN away on Saturday last, two indented Servants, Gifford Dally, a mulatto boy, about 17 years of age, a slim light built active fellow, can read and write, five feet seven or eight inches high, has a heavy countenance; had on a fustian coatee and trowsers, a high crowned hat, fine shoes &c.

Allan Hellons, a black man, about 24 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, a thick set clumsy built fellow, particularly about the breech; had on a sailor's blue jacket lined with swanskin, dark striped vest, fustian trowsers, high crowned hat, coarse shoes, &c.; each of them had several shirts and several other cloathes with them. Thirty Dollars will be paid for the runaways, or 15 dollars for each, and reasonable charges, on delivering them at No. 54, North Third-street.

The black fellow is about a year from Lewis Town, in the County of Sussex, state of Delaware, and has taken the boy with him.

July 31. mtu&f3w

To be SOLD or RENTED,

A LARGE 3 Story Brick House, on the South side of Filbert street, between Eighth and Ninth, lately occupied as the Surveyor General's Office.

The Building is 36 feet front and 35 feet deep, the lot 110 feet deep, with the privilege of a nine feet wide Alley extending the whole length of the lot, to a thirty feet wide Court for Carriages to turn in. The House is not plastered, and may be turned either into one, or two dwelling Houses. It is suitable for a large Manufactory, or would make a good Tavern. Immediate possession will be given.

Apply to No. 111, Chesnut-Street.

Aug. 21. cod4t.

Musical Instrument Manufactory,
No. 167, Arch-Street.

HARPER, harpsichord, grand, portable grand, side-board, pier table and square piano forte maker from London, returns thanks to his friends and the public, for their liberal encouragement, and hopes that by his assiduity and attention to every branch of his business, to merit a continuance of their favors. Piano fortes made on the newest and most approved plans, with pedals, patent swell, and French harp stop, which he flatters himself will be found on trial by unprejudiced judges, to be equal if not superior to any imported, and twenty per cent cheaper. Any instrument purchased of him, if not approved of in twelve months, he will exchange.

N. B. All kinds of Musical instruments made, tuned, and repaired with the greatest accuracy, dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms, for ready money only.

Second hand Piano Fortes taken in exchange.

May 26. &am.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on the second day of this inst. July, a Mulatto Man, named Will Bowzer, about forty years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, rather chunky made; had on when he went away, a drab colored cloth coat, striped purple trowsers and jacket. It is probable he will change his cloathes, as he took a number with him. The said fellow formerly belonged to Mr. Charles Blake of this place; and it is expected he has made towards Jones's Neck, in the Delaware State.—Any person apprehending the said fellow, and securing him so that I can get him again, shall receive the above reward if taken out of the county, and Twenty Dollars if in the county, and all reasonable charges if bro't home.

JESSE REED,
Queen Ann's County, Maryland.

July 3. w3t